

IDEAS.

[Extracts from address of HAMILTON W. MARIE.]

Men dry up when they cut themselves off from the source of power.

The secret of happiness is the secret of renewing the ideas.

The ideal is preserved inviolate in the best books.

It is a great secret to be able to find our work and our fun in the same place.

When something hard is to be done and somebody thinks of you, your fortune is made.

We have no right to enjoy the splendid bequests of genius and sacrifice without knowing the name of our benefactors.

FROM THE WIDE WORLD

China is willing to arrange a treaty on the immigrant matter. Whether the mob on this side or the people of China on the other will approve, however, is a question.

Strikes, insurrections, political outbreaks, and attempts of assassination continue to constitute the news from Russia, varied by a report of great enthusiasm over the Czar's statement that he will never conclude a peace dishonorable to Russia or unworthy of her greatness.

Japan continues to take comparatively peaceable possession of Sakhalin, and the report comes that the Japanese are moving on in Manchuria with a forty-mile front. The all-Russian Zemstvo Congress met at Moscow notwithstanding the command forbidding it, and arranged for the meeting this month of a new Congress in which peasants from each province and representatives of the numerous Liberal unions will participate.

The Swedish Riksdag approved the report of the special committee appointed by it to deal with the crisis between Norway and Sweden. This was that a separation would be approved that would be brought about on constitutional lines.

IN OUR OWN COUNTRY.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson will reorganize thoroughly the crop statistics bureau of the Department of Agriculture. He expects to create a board of four men in whose hands all reports of crops will be placed for the formulation of reports.

It is believed by the authorities of New Orleans that they are able to control the epidemic from now on. The spread has been caused largely by the refusal of many foreigners to submit to quarantine.

The Equitable Life Assurance of New York still continues before the public. This time the sensation is caused by the Directors being called upon to explain what they did with \$250,000 borrowed by a Land company of which Senator Depew was the head. This money, it is said, has never been returned.

Six thousand homesteads are being distributed this week in Colorado. These are from the opening of the Uintah reservation. This is one of the last great tracts to be opened for settlement.

Hoch, the wife murderer, has secured another chance for life through the pity, it is said, of a rich woman, who furnishes money for another appeal. He has had a fair trial; no one doubts his guilt; the sickly sentimentality that prevents justice being done in such a case is a disgrace to womanhood.

Cardinal Gibbons, in an interview in New York last week, said, "Corruption is a fixed evil we must reckon with just as long as the present condition of society exists in this country. Whenever there is an amalgamation of great capital or a large collection of men interested in one money-making concern there is sure to be corruption." But he is hopeful from the fact that "Wrong-doing or crime is sure to get itself found out, and publicity is the great punishment that stares it in the face."

In connection with the words of Cardinal Gibbons it is well to consider those of Miss Ida Tarbell in her character sketch of John D. Rockefeller in the current number of McClure's Magazine. She apologizes for the brutality of her study by saying that, "Mr. Rockefeller is not the only one of his kind. He is simply the type pre-eminent in the public mind of the militant business man of the day. From the bankers down to the street vendors we have in operation the code which he has worked out so perfectly, and to which he has given the sanction of piety. And this code, so repugnant to the sense of fair play and so demoralizing to intellectual honesty, has worked its way into every activity of life, while with a growing element of the country success is the justification of any practice, until no price is too great to pay for winning."

PEACE HEADQUARTERS.



IT IS INCREASING.

The Number of New Cases of Yellow Fever in New Orleans Tuesday 42.

NUMBER OF DEATHS WERE SIX.

Total Number of Cases to Date Are 346; Total Deaths 68 and Total Foci to Date 59.

One New Case Is On Jackson Avenue, in the Residence District—The Victim Had Recently Returned to the City.

New Orleans, Aug. 2.—Following is the record up to 6 p. m. Tuesday: New cases, 42; total cases to date, 346; deaths Tuesday, 6; total deaths to date, 68; new foci, 4; total foci to date, 59.

The day's record shows a continued improvement so far as the number of new foci is concerned, and with no secondary infection from any of the existing foci, the general situation is regarded as hopeful. The large number of new cases, the largest yet reported in a single day, shows that the tertiary infection among the panic-stricken people in the original district is appearing, which was to be expected. One of the new cases is on Jackson avenue, in the residence district, and the victim has returned recently to the city from his summer home on the coast.

The relations between the state of Louisiana and Mississippi have reached an acute stage and from indications it will change from interviews about the concealment of cases to a much more serious matter.

High Temperature.

The increase in the number of deaths Tuesday was not unexpected in view of the high temperature that has prevailed the last two days. There was, however, the usual large preponderance of Italian names in the list both of new cases and deaths which has characterized the reports since the time when the fever was first officially announced as existent here. In spite of the increased mortality the health authorities exhibited no concern over the situation, contending that with the accumulation of cases there must be expected an increase in death rate of the fever. It is still possible to trace all the new cases that are appearing to the original focus, an instance being that of a case reported on Fourth street in a fashionable residence district where a number of the household occupied a position with a large manufacturing concern in the heart of the infected region and was daily exposed to attacks by the mosquito. Meanwhile the health authorities and citizens are making arrangements to give the results of their observations of the foci outside of the original district.

An Armed Invasion.

From information that has come to hand the dignity of the state of Louisiana has been offended by an armed invasion from the sister state, and Tuesday morning Gov. B'Anhard communicated with the captain of the naval brigade which has a fully equipped gunboat with a view of having it despatched to the borders to protect Louisiana citizens from further indignities. Mississippi has five armed boats patrolling the coast to prevent fishermen from breaking through the quarantine lines. These vessels are also assisted by the United States revenue cutter Winona. The Mississippi boats will not allow Louisiana fishermen to even enter Mississippi sound east of St. Joe light, but from reports received here it appears that one of these patrol boats came into Lake Borgne, which is distinctly Louisiana territory

and one report says it came up to the mouth of Lake Borgne canal, which extends from the lake to the Mississippi river.

The schooner Grace of Gulfport and another vessel have been lying five miles inside of the Louisiana line most of the time for the past week, and at times even entering the Rigolets, the outlet from Lake Pontchartrain into Lake Borgne, and during that time had taken 18 Louisiana boats, some of them schooners and others tuggers, and turned them over to the United States revenue cutter Winona and towed to Ship Island, where the crews were immured. This brings the federal government into the middle.

Yellow Fever in Montgomery.

Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 2.—It was officially announced here that there is one case of yellow fever in Montgomery. The announcement came from the board of health together with the statement that there is not the slightest cause for alarm.

Big Fire in Kansas City.

Kansas City, Aug. 2.—Fire completely destroyed the mill, warehouses and elevator of the Kansas City Milling Co., entailing a loss of \$100,000. Grain and flour worth \$20,000 was destroyed. The property was insured for \$92,000.

Killed and Injured in a Storm.

Beaumont, Tex., Aug. 2.—Word has reached here that one white boy and two negro boys were killed outright and 20 other persons were more or less seriously injured in a heavy wind storm which struck Beaumont, La.

Four Lives Were Lost.

Duluth, Minn., Aug. 2.—Four lives were lost by the capsizing of a small skiff on Swan river near Ingstrom's Landing. The names of the unfortunate are Edith, Goldie and Everett Tichenor and Mrs. J. M. Pogue.

RIOT IN CHICAGO.

A Number of People Were Injured in the Melee.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—A riot in which several hundred people took part occurred in South Chicago, where three detectives employed by the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railroad attempted to arrest Charles R. Frane for riding on a sand train. The detectives in trying to make the arrest were compelled to use their revolvers and the crowd retaliated with bricks and stones. A number of people were injured in the fight.

The mob besieged the detectives and their prisoner in the depot and broke many of the windows in their efforts to get at the officers. A detail of policemen from the South Chicago station was insufficient to disperse the mob, and additional help was summoned. The crowd was scattered after a number of arrests had been made. Frane was finally locked up in the police station.

REMAINS IDENTIFIED.

Dead Body Found Near Carmi, Ill., Is That of William Jones.

Carmi, Ill., Aug. 2.—The dead man who was found in a deserted pasture near here by a farmer was identified as William Jones, a farmer, aged 67. Jones had been missing from his home since July 22. He had a halter strap around his neck. When he disappeared Jones had \$500 in cash and a gold watch. When found the money was on his person. When last seen alive Jones was in a buggy with two strange men.

Will Eat Kentucky Turkeys.

Nashville, Ky., Aug. 2.—A local company shipped to a firm at Portsmouth, N. H., 25 dozen three-months-old bronze turkeys. Noah Richardson, a farmer of this county, supplied them, and the turkeys were packed in ice. The letter from the firm states that the turkeys were intended for dinner to be given the Japan-Russian peace commissioners.

UNEXPECTED MOVE

Telegraphers on the Great Northern and Northern Pacific Railways Locked Out.

THE DISPUTE RELATES TO WAGES.

The Orders Affect About 1,950 Telegraph Operators and Agents in the Two Systems.

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 2.—All negotiations which have been pending between the Order of Railway Telegraphers and the Great Northern and Northern Pacific railways came to a sudden end when General Manager Horn, of the Northern Pacific, notified the telegraphers of that system that the company's proposition as to the rate of wages it would pay was final and they could accept it or leave the service.

The Great Northern officials took practically the stand toward their employees Monday night, thus throwing into confusion the ranks of the telegraphers who hardly expected such a move.

The only chance of an adjustment of the trouble rests with President J. J. Hill, who is in New York, and to which President Perham, of the railroad telegraphers, appealed in a telegram. Mr. Hill was asked to decide questions that President Perham and Vice President Newman have been discussing with General Managers H. J. Horn, of the Northern Pacific, and F. F. Ward, of the Great Northern.

The Points in Dispute.

The points in dispute, Mr. Perham declares, relate to wages only in the case of both roads. Just how many men have refused to consider the terms offered by the roads is uncertain, no definite reports having been received at the headquarters of either road.

The orders affect about 750 operators and agents on the Great Northern and about 1,200 on the Northern Pacific.

The Northern Pacific started a lock-out of its telegraphers because of a strike vote taken on May 27. Strike instructions were issued July 5 and these with the vote are still hanging over its head in spite of the fact that during several weeks negotiations the points of differences have been pretty generally cleaned up, excepting the Sunday rule and raise of minimum. The Sunday rule demanded is different from any in the United States and would add to the pay roll of the telegraphers about \$100,000 per year. The company's rate of pay is not exceeded, but on the other hand, is considerably higher than on most of the roads in the same territory. It has granted liberal increases to its telegraphers during the past five years, it is said.

ONLY ONE SALOON.

The "Drys" Carried the Election at Deanfield.

Owensboro, Ky., Aug. 2.—When the "drys" in Deanfield finished shouting in the afternoon over having carried a local option election they discovered that the town commissioners met early in the morning and granted a license to Forest Huff to sell liquor until August 1, 1906. There has never been more than one saloon in the town, and, temporarily at least, the "drys" have gained nothing by carrying the election.

You're Invited

To pay our store a lengthy call that you may inspect the largest, newest, best bought stock of goods in Eastern Kentucky. COME IN—LOOK—EXAMINE—COMPARE and PRICE. Our goods are all for sale, we advertise and encourage home buying and we don't have to.

GRUMBLE ABOUT BUSINESS

We have SEASONABLE, REASONABLE GOODS that never fail To make SMILING SATISFIED CUSTOMERS. Honest Dealing, Lowest Prices and Judges of Quality will all testify in our behalf.

We Sell WHITE HOUSE SHOES

They Fit, they Wear, they Satisfy.

Our Big 4 { STUDEBAKER WAGONS
OLIVER FLOWS
OBELISK FLOUR
BANNER PAINT

Everybody saves money by trading at

WELCH'S

SPECIAL SALE
AT THE NEW CASH STORE, Berea, Ky.

From July 20
To August 10

I am over-stocked on Clothing and Shoes and have decided the way to sell them fast is to sell cheaper than any one else.

Come in and see, and if we don't offer you a bargain we will not ask you to buy.

Very respectfully,
C. C. Rhodus, Prop.

Bargains in Suits

\$15.00 Suits for	\$11.00
12.00 Suits for	9.00
10.00 Suits for	7.50
7.50 Suits for	5.00

Bargains in Shoes

\$4.00 Shoes for	\$3.25
3.50 Shoes for	2.90
3.00 Shoes for	2.40
2.50 Shoes for	2.15
2.00 Shoes for	1.65